

## Warm-Up

December 10, 2018

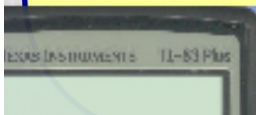
1. Determine the axis of symmetry of  $x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$ .  
a.  $x=0$       b.  $x=3$       c.  $x=-2$       d.  $x=-1$
2. What are the coordinates of the vertex of the graph  $y = 2x^2 - 8x + 1$ ?  
a.  $(-2, 7)$       b.  $(-2, 9)$       c.  $(2, -7)$       d.  $(2, 9)$
3. Solve  $5x + 4y = 12$   
 $3x + 5y = 15$   
a.  $(0, 3)$       b.  $(3, 0)$       c.  $(-1, 1/2)$       d.  $(-2, 6)$

## Solving Quadratic Equations by using the Graphing Calculator

$$y = 2x^2 - 4x + 9$$

$$y = 4x^2$$

$$y = -x^2 + 3x - 9$$



## Step 1

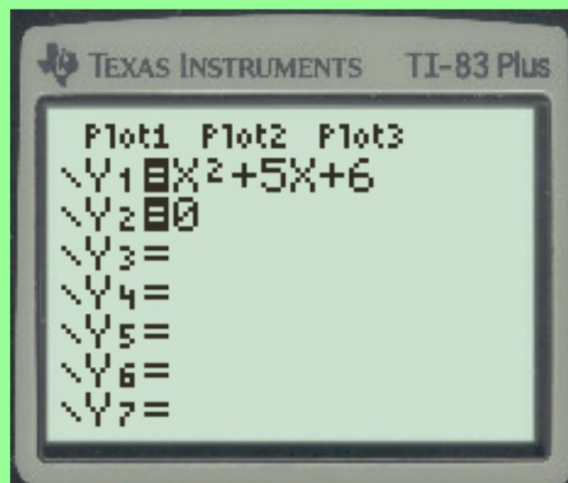
Solve using the calculator:

Example 1:  $y = x^2 + 5x + 6$

### Steps in Calculator:

y1 = type the equation

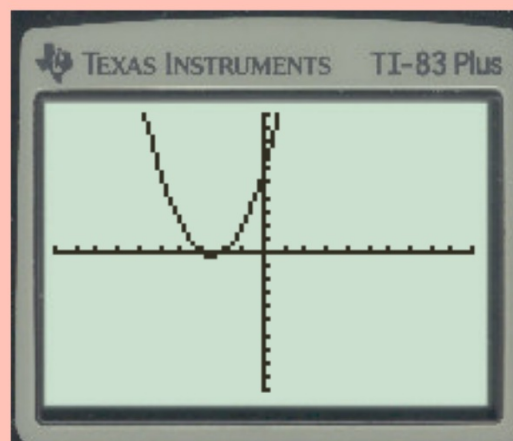
y2 = 0



## Step 2:

On the Calculator

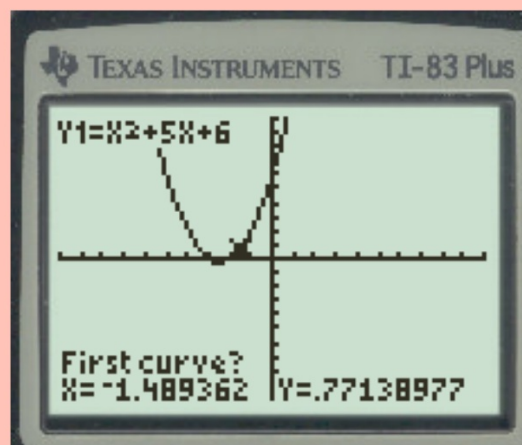
-Zoom 6



## Step 3:

On the Calculator

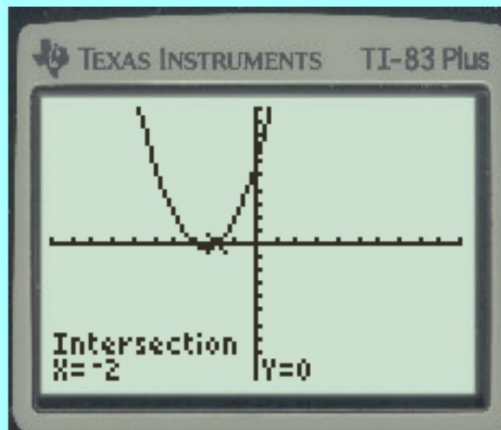
- 2ND TRACE
- 5: Intersection
- move near the x-intercepts



### Step 4:

On the Calculator

- Enter Enter Enter



### Step 5:

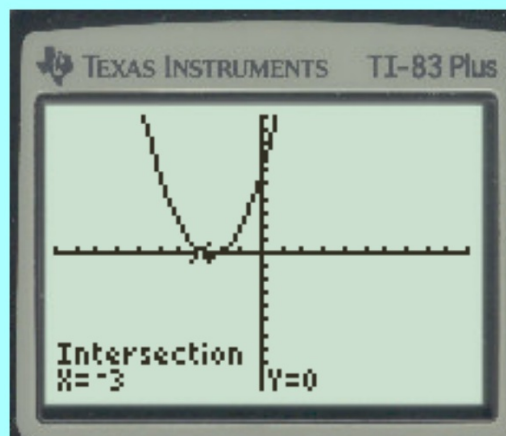
On the Calculator

-2nd-Trace-5

-Move cursor close to the other intersection

-Enter Enter Enter

The intersections are  $(-2, 0)$  and  $(-3, 0)$ , so the roots are  $\{-2, -3\}$

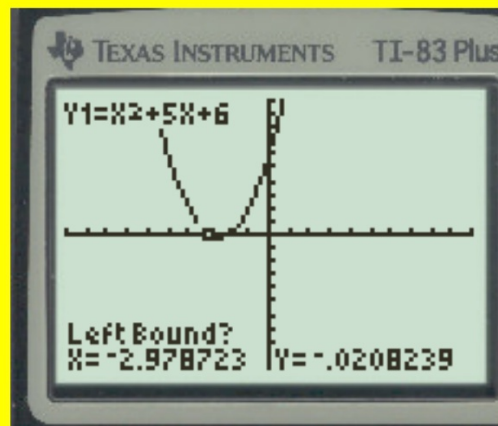
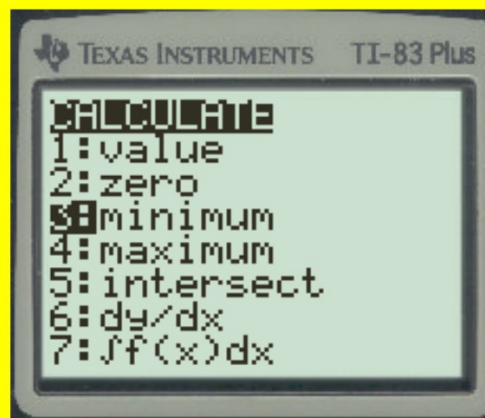


## Step 6: Finding the Vertex on the Calculator

### On the Calculator

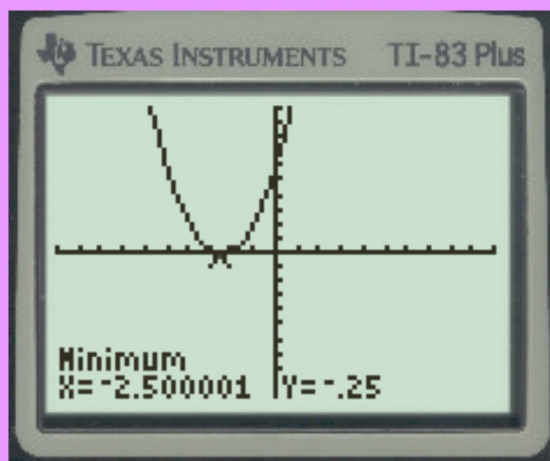
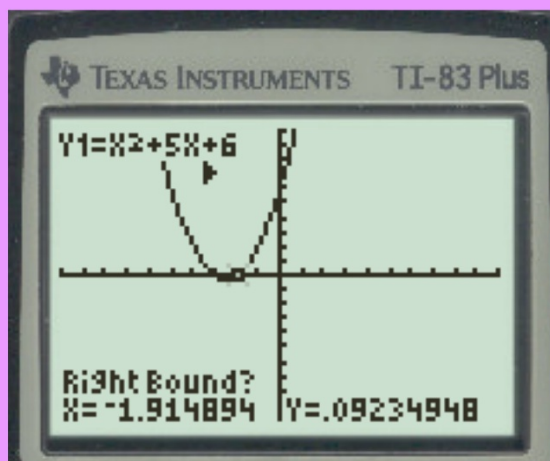
- 2nd Trace
- Select Min if a is +
- Select Max if a is -

-When the calculator asks you for left bound put the cursor to the left of the vertex and press ENTER.



-When the calc asks for right bound put the cursor to the right of the vertex and press ENTER.

-Hit ENTER again



The vertex is  $(-2.5, -.25)$

Solve using the graphing calculator and identify the vertex. If you get a decimal round to the nearest hundredth.

1.  $y = x^2 + 4x + 4$

5.  $y = 3x^2$

2.  $y = -x^2 - 6x + 5$

6.  $y = -2x^2 + 4x - 3$

3.  $y = 2x^2 - 8x + 5$

7.  $y = x^2 + 16$

4.  $y = x^2 + 8x + 16$

8.  $y = 2x^2 + 7x + 4$