

1.) Write the equation of a line with :

A. a slope of 0 and y-intercept of 6. $y = 6$

B. a slope of $\frac{3}{4}$ and a y-intercept of 0. $y = \frac{3}{4}x$

C. an undefined slope with an x-intercept of -3 $x = -3$

2.) Find the perimeter of square with a side length of $4x + 2$.
 add all sides = all sides

2. $4(4x + 2) = 16x + 8 \text{ units}$

3.) Twice the larger of two consecutive integers is equal to fifteen less than three times the smaller.

15 $n = 1^{\text{st}} \#$ $2(n+1) = 3n - 15$

$n + 1 = 2^{\text{nd}} \#$ $2n + 2 = 3n - 15$

$n = 17$
 $n + 1 = 18$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} -2n & -2n \\ \hline 2 & n - 15 \\ +15 & +15 \\ \hline 17 & = n \end{array}$$

WRITING LINEAR EQUATIONS

(Given a Point and Slope)

To write the equation of the line passing through point (x_1, y_1) with slope (m) , you can use the point-slope formula:

Point-Slope Formula:

$$y - \underline{y_1} = \underline{m}(x - \underline{x_1})$$

Be sure to distribute and solve for y !

Point-Slope

1. $(4, 1)$; slope = 2

$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$
 x, y, m

$$y - 1 = 2(x - 4)$$

$$y - 1 = 2x - 8$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +1 \quad +1 \\ \hline y = 2x - 7 \end{array}$$

Slope-Intercept Form

2. $(2, 4)$; slope = $\frac{1}{2}$

$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$
 x, y, m

$$y = mx + b$$

$$4 = \frac{1}{2}(2) + b$$

$$4 = 1 + b$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \quad -1 \\ \hline 3 = b \\ y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3 \end{array}$$

3. $(-6, 0)$; slope = $\frac{2}{3}$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$
$$y - 0 = \frac{2}{3}(x - (-6))$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 4$$

4. $(-8, -1)$; slope = $-\frac{3}{4}$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$
$$y - (-1) = -\frac{3}{4}(x - (-8))$$

$$y + 1 = -\frac{3}{4}x - 6$$
$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x - 7$$

5. $(4, -3)$; slope = -1

6. $(0, -9)$; slope = 4

↓
this
is the
y-int.

$(0, y)$

$y = 4x - 9$

Main Ideas/Questions

Notes/Examples

WRITING LINEAR EQUATIONS

(Given Two Points)

To write a linear equation that passes through two points, (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) , use the slope formula followed by the point-slope formula:

Slope Formula

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Point-Slope Formula

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

1. $(-3, 7)$ and $(1, -1)$

$$m = \frac{-1 - 7}{1 - (-3)} = \frac{-8}{4}$$

$$m = -2$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 7 = -2(x - 3)$$

$$y - 7 = -2x - 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +7 \qquad +7 \\ \hline y = -2x + 1 \end{array}$$

2. $(-6, -7)$ and $(3, -4)$

$$m = \frac{-4 - (-7)}{3 - (-6)} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$m = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - (-4) = \frac{1}{3}(x - 3)$$

$$y + 4 = \frac{1}{3}x - 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4 \qquad -4 \\ \hline y = \frac{1}{3}x - 5 \end{array}$$

3. (2, -1) and (4, -6)

$$m = \frac{-6 - (-1)}{4 - 2} = \frac{-5}{2}$$

$$y + 1 = \frac{-5}{2}(x - 2)$$

$$y + 1 = \frac{-5}{2}x + 5$$

$$y = \frac{-5}{2}x + 4$$

4. (1, 6) and (2, 5)

Challenge!

Which of the following linear equations has the greater y -intercept: the line containing the points $(10, 20)$ and $(15, 50)$, or the line containing the points $(10, 20)$ and $(15, 51)$? Explain.

The mass of a package of 50 mints, including the container, is 131 grams. If half of the mints are removed, the total mass is 81 grams. If x is the mass of one mint and y is the total mass, what linear function describes the total mass?