

Warm Up

September 12, 2018

1.) Which expression has the greatest value?

A.  $(3+4)(2^2 - 5)$

$(7)(4-5)$

$(7)(-1) = -7$

B.  $13 + a^2 - a$ , when  $a = 7$

$13 + (7)^2 - 7$

$13 + 49 - 7 = 55$

2.) Complete the magic square if the magic sum is 4. Each row and each column of a magic square adds up to the same number, 4.

3	-3	4
3	2	-1
-2	5	1

## Integer Operation Quiz RECAP

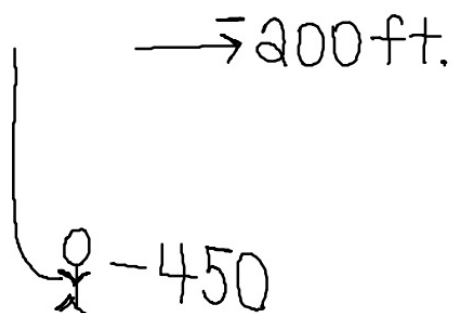
$$\begin{array}{r} 18 - (-6) \\ 18 + 6 \\ 24 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 - (-15) \\ 6 + 15 \\ 21 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 - 8 - (-3) \\ 8 - (-3) \\ 8 + 3 \\ 11 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 - 11 = 9 \\ 9 + 5 = 14 + h \end{array}$$

$$25(10) = 250$$



$$-200 - 250$$

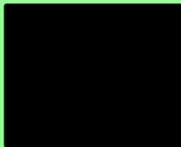
## Combining Like Terms Exploration

When I say go,

- Find the other students that have a card that looks similar to yours.
- Each "term group" should assemble into a separate corner.
- Order your terms from least to greatest.
- Add the terms together in that order.
- Write your final answer on the white board.
- The team that holds their board up first WINS!

## Exploration Solutions

$x^2$



$xy$

$13x^2$

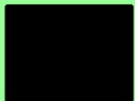
$-7xy$



$$-4 + 5 = 1$$

$$-4x + 5x = x$$

$x$



$$-4x^2 + 5x^2 = x^2$$



**Constant**

0

28

$$13x^2 - 7xy + 28$$



## COMBINING Like TERMS

$$7x + 3 - 5x + 8 + 4x - 1$$

Break down the expression into the categories below.

Term: parts of an expression separated by + or -.

### Variable Terms

(Terms WITH a variable)

$$7x, -5x, 4x$$

### Coefficients

(Number NEXT TO A variable)

$$7, -5, 4$$

### Constant Terms

(Terms WITHOUT a variable)

$$3, 8, -1$$

You can simplify an expression by combining like terms!

$$7x + 3 - 5x + 8 + 4x - 1 = \underline{6x + 10}$$

$$7 - 5 + 4 = 6$$

$$3 + 8 - 1$$

Simplify the expressions below by combining like terms.

$$1.) \ 3x + 6x = \underline{9x}$$

$$2.) \ 9a - 10a = \underline{-1a \text{ or } -a}$$

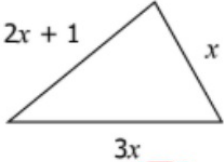

$$3.) \ 7m - 5m - 6 = \underline{2m - 6}$$

$$4.) \ 9 - 6x + 5 = \underline{-6x + 14}$$

$$5.) \ 7p - 1 - 9p + 5 = \underline{-2p + 4}$$

$$6.) \ 5h - 6 - 8 + 7h = \underline{12h - 14}$$

<p>with Exponents</p>	<p>Terms with the same exponents or combination of variables and exponents are considered like terms. When combined, be sure to NOT change their exponents!</p>	
<p>Examples</p> <p><math>5^2 = 25</math></p> <p><math>5 \times 2</math></p>	<p>9. <math>5x^2 + 7x^2</math></p> <p><math>12x^2</math></p>	<p>10. <math>-15n^5 + 4n^5</math></p> <p><math>-11n^5</math></p>
	<p>11. <math>8c^3 - 7c^3 + 16c^3</math></p> <p><math>17c^3</math></p>	<p>12. <math>8k^2 - k - 5k + 7 - 2k^2</math></p> <p><math>6k^2 - 6k + 7</math></p>

<p>Geometric Applications</p> <p>add all sides</p>	<p>Directions: Give the perimeter of each figure as a simplified expression.</p>	
	<p>17.</p>  <p><math>3x + x + 2x + 1</math></p> <p><math>\therefore 6x + 1</math></p>	<p>18.</p>  <p><math>5a - 1 + 17 - a + 4ab</math></p> <p><math>4a + 16 + 4ab</math></p>

## The Distributive Property

Let  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  be real numbers.

$$a(b + c) = ab + ac$$

$$a(b - c) = ab - ac$$

$$-a(b + c) = -ab - ac$$

**Write in simplest form using the distributive property.**

1.  $7(x + 4)$

$$7(x) + 7(4)$$
$$7x + 28$$

2.  $2(b - 3)$

$$2(b) - 2(3)$$
$$2b - 6$$

3.  $-4(y + 3)$

$$-4(y) - 4(3)$$
$$-4y - 12$$

4.  $-5(m - 2)$

$$-5(m) - 5(-2)$$
$$-5m + 10$$

5.  $-(y - 9)$

$$-1(y) - 1(-9)$$
$$-y + 9$$

6.  $8(4 - b)$

$$8(4) + 8(-b)$$
$$32 - 8b$$



**Distribute  
AND Combine!**

To **simplify an expression** means to ensure there are **no parentheses** and **no like terms**. In order to do this, distribute first (if needed), then combine like terms.

**Examples**

**19.**  $8(2x - 3) - 6x$

**20.**  $9(2k - 4) - 2(7k - 12)$

**21.**  $10 - (y - 6) - y$

**22.**  $6 + 8(4w - 7) - (2w + 1)$